

OPEN LETTER

To Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States:

Mr. President,—Not being actuated by any malice, I desire to ask you a few questions which I hope may be seriously considered. You claim to be president of the people of the United States, irrespective of color or condition. Your declaration for a "square deal" has become household words. In your Cabinet you have recognized certain nationalities which claim to be political factors in the American body politic, and ignored others who have been loyal and faithful, not only to the republic, but to the present party in power.

You have recognized the Jews, have you not? What have the Jews done in comparison with what the colored Americans have done, both in war and in peace? You have recognized the Irish, have you not? What have the Irishmen done in comparison with what the colored Americans have done?

In diplomatic service you have recognized elements that have been menaces to the party in power and to the republic, have you not? There are, in this country over eleven millions of colored Americans who have received scanty recognition and you have boasted to the South that you have made less appointments from this race than your late predecessor, President McKinley. Will you kindly explain what you mean? Do you want the South to understand that you have made certain colored appointments and you do not intend to make any more? You made this statement two years ago and since that time you have made no additional colored appointments. I mean to new places. You, of course, appointed Mr. W. T. Vernon to succeed another colored man, which does not count. There is no office of a national character to which you have appointed a colored American in recognition of the eleven million colored Americans. You are aware of the voting strength of the colored Americans; why then have you not appointed a few of them to positions commensurate with their voting strength? Your son-in-law, Representative Longworth, has published to the world that it is not your intention to be a candidate again, but he believes that Mr. Taft is the best man to succeed you. You may think so, Mr. President, but the American people do not. You have wronged the faithful blacks in this country. You have demonstrated by your recent order of dismissal that you have no faith in the colored Americans.

Mr. Longworth, your son-in-law, may echo your sentiments, but the colored Americans will bid farewell to the Republican party if you thrust upon them a man like Secretary Taft or any other man in your administration or any man who holds to your views or named by you. The chains that once held the colored man have been broken and today he walks the public streets a free citizen, although he may be restrained to some extent from exercising freely his civil and political rights. It is true he intends to join the army, notwithstanding the dismissal of his brave comrades. It is his right and constitutional privilege. He loves his country although you may be opposed to him. He will defend the flag, although he is discriminated against. He will continue his loyalty and patriotism to his country although he is disfranchised and in many parts of the country he is compelled to Jim Crow it. In almost every department of this government he is made to feel that he is not wanted among his white fellow citizens, many of whom are inferior to him intellectually. There may be one exception, under the present administration, where the colored American is treated as a man and a citizen. It is not necessary for me to name that department. In the department of Commerce and Labor there is not a colored clerk. My friend, Hon. Geo. B. Cortelyou, failed when he was at the head of that department to appoint one colored clerk, although many applied and passed successfully the civil service examination. I have

no complaint to make against the Jews, but in that department they are supreme. The Jews have organized and asserted their independence. I wish the colored Americans would do likewise. The Jews have shown force. The Catholic Church seems to monopolize every important position. The Catholic Church has demonstrated its power. I have always thought that it would be a good idea for the colored Americans to join the Catholic Church, because I am of the opinion that they would receive better protection. Other denominations seem to discriminate against the colored Americans. The white Methodists, the white Presbyterians and a few others want to be to themselves. Since the church divides, why should be surprised when we see parties divide? You say that you want Secretary Taft to succeed you. Why? Why not nominate Senator Foraker, Vice-President Fairbanks or Secretary Shaw? The American people have confidence in these men. You will find out, Mr. President, that the colored Americans are thinking. They are not only thinking but they intend to act. They will do no act that will be detrimental to themselves, but they intend, however, to act in a manner that will better their condition. You must admit that the Republican politicians have taught many colored Americans to hate the Democratic party. You know that the Democrats in the South whom the colored Americans have been taught to hate, are given the authority by a Republican administration to decide whether a white or colored Republican or a good Democrat shall receive an appointment. Republicans South have nothing to do with appointments in that section. Colored Republican politicians are ignored. You may see hope ahead. I do not. You may realize that you are strong politically. But wait and you will see the set set. You will see the rise of the black Republicans under a new call. You will be convinced that not even a President of the United States will be able to check the tide. You have caused the Senate, it is true, to give you a bill of health. You have applied the big stick, and this dignified body like a lot of school children must obey the master. What has become of our American independence? What has become of the representatives of the people. The recent action of the Senate demonstrates the force of electing the Senate by a direct vote of the people. The colored Americans do not ask for sympathy. They ask only for fair play and justice. They ask that they be given the same opportunity to defend themselves as all other citizens. They ask that the constitution of the United States be enforced and nothing more. They have nothing more to ask of you, Mr. President. They have lost faith in you and you might as well know it now. They intend to pilot their own ship and if they fail they will not be the first. Human rights have been subordinated for practical politics. The time has come for the black man to act and remember, Mr. President, no diadem was ever reached if the watchman sleeps at his post. The black man is charitable. He is grateful. He is not revengeful. With those three cardinal principles in view he means to win his way. Until his hope is realized, remember

Yours truly,

THE EDITOR.

THE AFRO-AMERICAN COUNCIL

Washington, D. C., January 3, 1907.

To the Members of the Executive Committee of the Afro-American Council:

You are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the committee on Monday evening, February 4, 1907, at five o'clock at Calbraith Church.

Business of importance to be considered; full attendance is earnestly desired. A Mass Meeting to follow at the above-named place at eight o'clock p.m.

Fraternally yours,

S. L. Corrothers.

The exhibits of the colored people at the Jamestown Exposition will be arranged in the Negro Building by States.

READ THE BEE.

What I Saw And Heard

I visited the Capitol a few days ago and heard the speech of Senator Tillman. He is more amusing than he is dangerous. His reply to Senator McCarmack was full of wit and humor.

Attorney James A. Cobb is working hard for his client, Cardozo. I must congratulate the fighting qualities of this attorney.

Admiral Bird is not a bad man. He wants to see the public schools in a good condition.

I feel confident that Superintendent Chancellor is not satisfied with the High School, although there is a new head.

Well, you should take a walk through the new police court and see its construction. I don't see anything to be thankful for. It is true that a great deal of money has been spent for the erection of this court, but a walk through it will change the minds of the people. Just think of it. One whole side is in use for a private entrance for the judges and the exit for

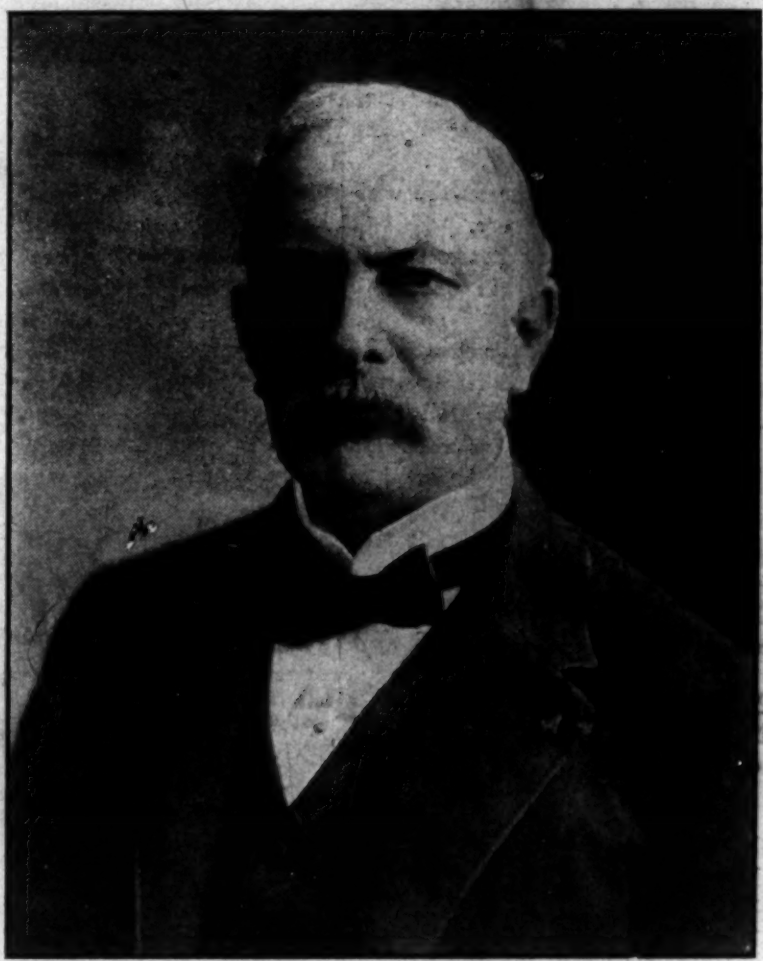
Foraker's Resolution

SHARP DEBATE WITH FORAKER AT GRIDIRON DINNER.

HIS POLICIES THE ISSUE. "All Coons Alike" to President; "All Persons" to Senator.

Foraker, who was not on program for speech, was called on after President Had Defended His Course on Brownsville and Japanese Questions. Rights of Senators Vigorously Championed by Ohio Statesman.

New York, Jan. 27.—A special dispatch from Washington says that the discussion between President Roosevelt and Senator J. B. Foraker, at the Gridiron Club dinner on Saturday night, is being whisperingly rehearsed in Washington today. The Gridiron Club's dinners are not reported for publication, except officially—that is, an account of the jokes of the hosts at the expense of their distinguished guests is prepared, censored, and issued, and the guests themselves may, in a spirit of jocularity, utter all sorts of statements that would be surprising to the country at large and find no mention of these extravagances in the press. Invariably speeches made by public



SENATOR J. B. FORAKER. CHAMPION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

the people is narrow steps. If a crowd was compelled to make its exit there would be such a congestion that the people would suffocate.

Chief Griffin of the True Reformers is doing good work. He is the right man in the right place. He is popular among his people and a thorough business man.

I understand that the headquarters of the Jamestown Exposition Company has been removed to the Treasury Department, and that Mrs. A. M. Curtis is in charge, with a private secretary. There is also another hitch over the construction of the building. What is the cause of all of this fuss?

There is a great deal of politics in the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows. The recent banquet to Grand Master Houston was a success. He had several distinguished men from out of the city to greet him, what more?

The grand secretary, Mr. Needom, is a brilliant scholar and a man who knows his business.

Grand Master Houston is a diplomat and a credit to the order. I hope the boys will stand by him and do all in their power to make his administration a success. There is too much jealousy among the members and not enough unity.

FAIRPLAY.

The investigations to be conducted by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs will begin February 4 discharge of the 25th infantry.)

David C. Tucker of Morristown, N. J., is dead. When a boy in 1824 he marched in a parade in honor of General Lafayette.

The first tunnel to run trains under the Hudson River, N. Y., will be in full service September 1.

ways continue to do so.

All Coons and All Persons.

"Not only all coons, but all persons look alike to me," said Senator Foraker. The oath of a United States Senator is as sacred as the oath of the President, and as high a sense of duty may inspire a Senator as that inspiring the occupant of the White House.

The Senator denied that the motive of a critic of the administration or of an act of the administration was, of necessity, an unworthy motive.

Mr. Foraker's well-known eloquence of manner was effective, and when he concluded in ringing tones, with a ringing tone, with a wave of the hand toward the President, in these words, "You know, Mr. President, I love you so," the applause was loud.

Twice the President attempted to still the applause, evidently with the intention of making a running debate, but the hand-clapping continued to almost the point of embarrassment. When order was secured, the President got the floor, raised his glass, and proposed the health of the Ohio Senator.

The speech of the President and the reply of Mr. Foraker consumed so much time that the dinner was adjourned before four or five speakers on the programme could be heard.

SENATOR FORAKER'S RESOLUTION

As passed Tuesday in the Senate read as follows:

Resolved, That, without questioning the legality or justice of any act of the President in relation thereto, the Committee on Military Affairs is hereby authorized and directed, by subcommittee or otherwise, to take and have printed testimony for the purpose of ascertaining all the facts with reference to or connected with the affray at Brownsville, Texas, on the night of August 13-14, 1906. Said committee is authorized to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths, to sit during sessions or recess of the Senate, and, if deemed advisable, at Brownsville or elsewhere, the expenses of the investigation to be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate.

CONSTITUTIONAL LEAGUE ORGANIZED.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 28, 1907.

To the Editor—

The members of the State Constitutional League of New Jersey take pleasure in stating that on the 23rd of January, 1907, the most representative gathering of Colored Citizens from all parts of the State of New Jersey that has met for years assembled at the New Indian League Hall, 260-266 Washington Street, Newark, N. J., and organized a State Constitutional League with the following officers:

Alfred B. Cosey of Newark, president; Rev. H. Gillen of Cape May county, Rev. Goodwin of Monmouth County, C. R. H. Hawkins, of Union County, vice-presidents; Lewis Johnson and George Bates of Essex county and T. Bagley of Union county, secretaries; N. Vandervall of East Orange, treasurer.

Hon. G. Stewart made the principle speech stating in full the evidence taken by him on the Brownsville question.

Resolutions were adopted condemning the action of the President in discharging the soldiers without a trial. An address was issued by the league to the people of New Jersey. The League has opened headquarters in Newark and intends to do all in its power to assist in bringing about a fair exhaustive investigation of the trouble. The convention adjourned subject to the chair. It is the intention of the chair to make a call at an early date, for the purpose of discussing the school question in New Jersey.

Respectfully,
Lewis Johnson,
Secretary.

REV. WALDRON.

The new pastor of Shiloh Baptist Church gave his congregation a severe lecture last week. He told the members that he had not gone to three colleges for nothing. He declined to give the two hundred or more members of Trinity Baptist Church letters of withdrawal. Those who led the revolt, he said, must be tried, and those who were persuaded to leave could get their individual letters. All of them declared that if every member does not receive his letter not one will accept, but remain in Trinity Church just the same.

Last Monday Brother Joseph Duskett, 33, of Excelsior Lodge No. 2, F. A. A. Y. M., departed this life. Deceased was connected with different orders and highly respected. He leaves a wife and three small children.

Ill. P. B. Brooks, 33, M. D., we are glad to say is convalescent.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

BY MISS BEATRIZ L. CHASE.

George Burnham, Jr., who was former general counsel for the Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ossining, N. Y., was put to work last Monday afternoon in the printing shop in Sing Sing prison.

The Norfolk and Western railroad officials last Monday said before the corporation commission at Richmond, Va., that they would lose money on a flat 2-cent rate in Virginia.

Rifle shooting will hereafter be a part of the education of the children in the schools of Great Britain.

Mrs. Geo. H. Richardson is doing nicely in the work of the public schools, to which she has been appointed. She makes a good official.

Dr. Wm. Thompkins of Kansas City, Mo., says that tuberculosis is most destructive among the American dark-skinned people.

The National Mirror in its issue of January 26 contained a great deal of information concerning the Masons of Kansas City, Mo., and the great good that is being accomplished by them.

Mr. Homer G. Philips, a graduate of Class '03, Howard University Law School, is a growing success in his profession at Sedalia, Mo.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Fifteenth Street Presbyterian Church will give a unique entertainment in the church Friday evening, February 15. Mrs. M. L. Meriwether is president of the society.

Miss M. Vaux Warrick is very active and doing much to make the exhibition of art at Jamestown a success.

Mr. John W. Parker, a graduate of the Law Department of Howard University in 1906, has opened his law office in Baltimore, Md.

It is reported that Bishop Turner fell and broke his arm in Kansas City while attending the Bishop's Council.

The wife of Rev. N. M. Carroll, pastor of Asbury M. E. Church, Annapolis, Md., is recovering from her recent illness.

The funeral of Miss Bertie B. Barradall, who died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Jas. Steven of Washington, recently, took place at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Barradall, in Virginia.

Mr. J. Barnett of Newport News was called to this city by the recent death of his mother.

Dr. W. A. Credit preached at the funeral of Mr. Geo. Roy, who died in Philadelphia and whose remains were brought here for interment.

The violin recital by Mr. Joseph Douglas in Wilmington, Del., was a success.

The question as to what your Easter dress shall be and how it shall be made is answered in McCall's Magazine for March. Every instruction as to what will be most becoming to you is given. Be sure to consult McCall's "The Queen of Fashions" about your new dress.

"The Gazetteer and Guide" contains many interesting articles for the month of February.

TRINITY CHURCH.

Rev. J. Anderson Taylor was too sick to occupy the pulpit last Sunday, but Professor Corrothers, the elocutionist and divine, occupied the pulpit. There were about three hundred people out last Sunday evening, and a large collection was taken up during the morning and evening services. About two hundred of the members met at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Roe last Friday night and a committee of twenty-five was appointed to go to Shiloh and present a petition, on which were two hundred or more names, asking for their letters. Attorney Jones was chairman of the committee. When the committee arrived at the church Attorney Jones arose and said that he represented Trinity Church, and that he had a petition signed by over two hundred members who had withdrawn from Shiloh who wanted their letters. Rev. Mr. Waldron became very indignant and told Attorney Jones that he could not get any letters. Whereupon Attorney Jones and his committee withdrew. The new church of which Rev. Mr. Taylor is pastor has increased its membership to a little over three hundred. This new church will build next spring.

MONDNACHT AUF SEE. MOON NIGHT ON SEA.

H. E. SCHNEIDER.

Andante moderato.

JAQUES MENDELSON.

(English words by the Composer.)

Lei - se mit won - ni - gen Träu - men, Schimmert die ru - hi - ge See,
Soft - ly and qui - et - ly dream - ing, Shines all a - round us the sea.

p *religioso sempre legatissimo.*

Lieb - lich die Wel - len sich säu - men, Herz, nun lass schwinden dein Weh.
Grace - ful the waves are a - gleam - ing, Heart, let the sor - rows now flee.

poco cresc.

Nie - der mit fried - li - chem Glan - ze, Sil - ber - ner Mon - den - schein blinkt,
Look at the peace and the splen - dor, Spread by the sil - ver - y moon,

Copyright, 1905, by The American Melody Co., New York.

Und zu dem lieb - li - chen Tan - ze, Kräu - seln - den Wel - len winkt
Look at the waves how so - ten - der, Look how they rise and swoon.

Schla - fet, ihr Lie - ben, in Frie - den, Be - tend der Va - ter noch wacht.
Peace - ful - ly sleep, Oh my daugh - ter, Fa - ther lifts up still his hand,

Wie - der - sehn sei uns be - schie - den, Schla - fet in Ruh, gu - te Nacht!
Pray - ing to God on the wa - ter, That He may guard thee on land.

Moon Night On Sea, 2-2.

W. B. CORSETS

The W. B. Reduso

is the ideal garment for over-developed figures requiring special restraint. It has an apron over the abdomen and hips, so boned as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

REDUSO STYLE 750 for tall, well-developed figures. Made of a durable coutil in white or drab. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 22 to 36. **PRICE, \$3.00**

REDUSO STYLE 760 for short, well-developed figures. Made of white and drab coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 24 to 36. **PRICE, \$3.00**

W. B. NUFORM and W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS

are built hygienically—they do not press or strain anywhere. Their lines are your lines, their shape that of your own figure. They make a bad figure good and a good figure better.

ON SALE AT ALL DEALERS

Erect Form 744	(Short Model) of Imported Coutil	\$2.00
Nuform 403	(Slender Model) of Coutil or Batiste	1.00
Nuform 447	(Short Model) of White Coutil	3.00
Erect Form 720	(Average Model) of Coutil or Batiste	1.00
Nuform 738	(Average Model) of Imported White Coutil or Batiste	2.00
Nuform 406	(Medium Model) of Coutil or Batiste	1.50

WEINGARTEN BROS., MAKERS, 377-379 BROADWAY, N. Y.

WOODES AND WEDS IN A DAY.

Colorado Man Makes Woman Wife Short Time After Meeting Her.

Denver.—To meet a woman for the first time, to woo, win, and wed her, all within 24 hours, would be a feat for the most attractive Adonis, yet that is what William E. Buel, a well-known ranchman from Yuma, Colo., successfully accomplished on crutches.

Buel started for Denver a few days ago, driving in from his ranch to the station. Buel's horse ran away and he was thrown out and injured, but he secured crutches and continued his journey to Denver.

In the afternoon he called on Mrs. Cora Brewer, an old friend, and there met Mrs. Anna Stumke. A rapid fire courtship ensued, and the following morning the couple were married by Magistrate Thomas Carlon.

But there may be breakers ahead for the two, who started on a honeymoon trip about the state, if Frederick D. Stumke makes objection to the wedding. In securing the marriage license Mrs. Stumke admitted that she had been divorced, but she gave the date as January, 1905.

But it was not in January, 1905, but on April 14, 1906, that Mrs. Stumke was granted a divorce from Frederick Stumke and was allowed \$400 permanent alimony. The decree, in accordance with the Colorado divorce laws, provided that neither party should marry within a year.

The law is binding only as to Colorado, and does not operate to hinder persons from going into another state and marrying as soon as they wish, but it provides a penalty for remarriage within the state if the other party to the divorce cares to prosecute the charges.

As Buel hobbled out on his crutches with his bride on his arm, however, he gave no sign of fear that his wife's former husband might interrupt the honeymoon.

AS TO THE AMERICAN COW.

Value of Products Presents Figures That Stagger Humanity.

New York.—There are nearly 25,000 dairy cows in America and enough other cattle to make a total of over 60,000,000 head, including bulls, oxen, young stock and the "flocks and herds which range the valley free," and all condemned to slaughter. There are less than a million thoroughbred cattle in the country and more than 45,000,000 scrubs. The rest are half or higher grades. About 20,000,000 calves are born annually. The average value of a cow is \$22. In Rhode Island, a dairying state, the average is \$39.

The cows of the United States yield about 9,000,000,000 gallons of milk a year (watered and unwatered) and

ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC (EAU DE QUININE)



LILLIAN RUSSELL, the beautiful actress, says:

"Without question, an indispensable adjunct to a lady's toilet table. Exceedingly meritorious in preserving the hair and causing it to retain its lustre."

You can make your hair beautiful and improve your personal appearance by using ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC every day. It cures dandruff and stops falling hair, because it goes to the root of the trouble. **FREE!** A sample bottle of ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC (3 applications) for 10 cents to pay postage and packing.

ED. PINAUD'S LILAC VEGETAL
An exquisite perfume for the handkerchief, atomizer and bath. Used by women of fashion in Paris and New York.

Send 10 cents (to pay postage and packing) for a free sample bottle containing enough Lilac Vegetal Extract for 10 applications.

Write to-day to ED. PINAUD'S American Offices, ED. PINAUD BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY.

Ask your dealer for ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC and LILAC VEGETAL.

HIS HAIR UNCUT 23 YEARS.

Eccentric German Lived Alone and Cleared Ranch Without Horses.

Hunters, Wash.—Hans Kohlen, an eccentric character in Stevens county, has sold his fine ranch, four miles west of Fruitland, and will re-enter civilization after being almost a recluse for 23 years. All this time he has been a bachelor, and almost a hermit. He cleared his farm, built a house and fenced the land absolutely without assistance.

Kohlen never owned a team, carrying logs and rails on his back for long distances, while at work on his place. During 23 years Kohlen never cut or combed his hair. For many years Kohlen's bed has been a big dry goods box, half filled with hay. Daily at sundown he drew on a gunnysack, buried himself in the hay and slept comfortably.

S. Davis purchased the ranch for \$2,500. With the proceeds of the sale Kohlen proposes to return to his native home in Germany.

FEAT. OF A ONE-ARMED MAN.

He Builds a Two-Story House Without Outside Help.

London.—Quite a pretentious two-story house stands at Rochester, England, as a monument to the industry of a one-armed man named Simpson, who is connected with the British postal service. The man has for many years been employed on one of the rural routes and as his time is not wholly taken up at his labor he spends a large part of each day at work on a farm which he owns and operates. Having a few spare minutes left each day, the thought occurred to him to build a residence for himself. He gave the matter some thought and finally drew the plans, which were submitted to the local authorities and duly approved by them.

He commenced the work of foundation laying and for ten years he gave the project what time he had after attending to his other duties and at the end of this period the house was complete in every particular. The interior woodwork was all in place and the walls and ceilings properly decorated and all of this was done by the one-armed Handy-Andy during his spare time. The cart in which the bricks and lumber were hauled was also constructed by the remarkable workman. In the rearing of this building all work was done by his hands, or rather his hand.

Mr. Simpson's arm was shot off by the accidental discharge of a gun when he was a lad of 12 years, but notwithstanding this handicap he has more to show for his industry and perseverance than most persons with the usual number of arms.

THIS OFFER WILL INTEREST YOU!

The New York Age

A National Afro-American Journal of News and Opinion

We desire the names of 30,000 persons on our subscription books before June 1, 1907. To get them we are planning a special campaign throughout New York City and the Country.

To begin with, we offer ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$100.00) in GOLD, divided into Four Prizes of \$50.00, \$25.00, \$15.00 and \$10.00, each, to the persons sending the largest number of new subscribers to The Age, before May 1, 1907, when the prizes will be awarded.

In addition, we shall allow a regular commission of Ten Per Cent. in this contest on each subscription forwarded at \$1.50 a year; or \$1.00 for 6 months.

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Regular Agents of The Age are permitted to participate in this contest. This offer applies to new subscribers only as renewals cannot be counted in awarding the prizes. Further information furnished on request. Address,

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Set consists of 12 double-edged blades (24 keen cutting edges) with triple silver-plated holder in velvet lined case. Each blade good for an average of more than 20 satisfying shaves. Handle and blade guaranteed to be perfect in material and workmanship. Sold by leading Drug, Cutlery and Hardware dealers.

Inquire about **SPECIAL FREE TRIAL OFFER.**
Gillette Sales Company, 21 Times Building New York City.

THE BEE

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EDITOR WILKINS.

The Bee, desiring to be fair, has published the entire editorial answer to The Bee of Editor Wilkins of the Chicago Conservator in this week's issue. Editor Wilkins charged The Bee with having surrendered the manhood rights of the colored Americans because it published the history of Tuskegee Institute and what Prof. Booker T. Washington is doing for the southern colored youth. Editor Wilkins in his editorial admits that the Tuskegee Institute is doing great work and that he meant no reflection on the Institute. Conceding this much, The Bee will ask what then becomes of the charge that The Bee has or does advocate the doctrine of surrender? Is not Editor Wilkins inconsistent? If the teachings at Tuskegee are correct, and those are the questions in controversy, and he admits that he sees no fault in the institution, what does he mean?

The Bee has the highest respect for Editor Wilkins and shall dismiss the question in a fair and unbiased manner. The Bee will concede that Prof. Washington did advocate a policy to which The Bee as well as other journals did not subscribe. He saw the error of his way and he now advocates manhood rights, industrial and higher education. What more does The Bee's learned contempo do not beg the question, but point rary want? Now, Editor Wilkins, out one act of surrender of the manhood rights of the colored Americans by Prof. Washington since the adoption of the revised constitutions in the South. The Bee has published this week your entire editorial, over a column, and you have not answered one question put to you by The Bee. You charge that The Bee advocates the doctrine of surrender. Name one—just one—only one. The Bee's esteemed contemporary has been buried too deep to resurrect and he must admit it. The Bee has published only a history of Tuskegee and what the principal of that institution is doing for the colored youth. By so doing have the manhood rights of colored Americans been surrendered?

Come up to the judge's stand, Editor Wilkins, and take your sentence like a man. You further say that you are the best friend Prof. Washington has and that you believe in his institution. Now, is this not a surrender of your former position? Be honest, which The Bee knows you are, and plead guilty to your sins. You will not be harmed. The Bee's good friend, Editor Trotter, of the Guardian, will deal gently with you. Do not be ashamed or afraid of the stings of the Guardian. The Bee knows that you both are sound on the Negro question and fearless in your advocacy of human rights.

The Bee has subordinated any personal feelings it may have entertained against the great educator because it knows what he has done and is doing not only for the manhood rights of the colored Americans, but what he is doing for the young colored man to enable him to compete with those who control the business and industrial world. The colored Americans must educate their hands as well as their heads. There is room enough for every teacher of the col-

ored youth without abusing one another. Editor Wilkins is a man of refined qualities and brave in defending the rights of the colored Americans. He is in a state in which democracy respects manhood rights and pure and noble womanhood. Prof. Washington is surrounded by the enemy. He has them within and without. His institution rests upon a volcano which is liable to explode at any time. The enemy watches him with a jealous eye. The shot gun is ready to invade his home at any moment. Why should we, Editor Wilkins, encourage the invaders? You are at long range. You can shoot and hide behind barricaded walls or fire in the open and receive the protection of the immortal Lincoln. Has the North, East or West erected such a monument as you know exists at Tuskegee? Speak now or forever hold your tongue. The Bee does not believe in the doctrine of surrender and neither does the education of Tuskegee.

OUR SCHOOLS.

It is the duty of the citizens of Washington to stand by the Board of Education against those who would destroy our public school system. The removal of one man from the public schools, for acts of insubordination should not cause the people to go into hysterics. The testimony as far as it went, in the opinion of The Bee sustains the contention of the Board of Education and these injunction proceedings should be at once dismissed by the court. If the courts uphold such a subterfuge the public school system in the city will amount to nothing. The present board of education is one of the best the people ever had, and so far as Superintendent Chancellor is concerned, he should be given an opportunity to show what he can do. It is firmly believed that he will make one of the best superintendents that has ever been at the head of our schools. This talk that the board is not properly constituted is all subterfuge. Strange that it has just been found out since the board is investigating a teacher against whom there are charges of writing a letter. This recent act demonstrated weakness of the defense. It is not believed that the board intended to take snap judgment or not to give the teacher a fair trial. Every indication showed that the board was fair. President Bird, and indeed every member of the board declared if Cardozo proved his innocence that he would not be removed. Why did he not then continue and put in his defense? The board doesn't mean to be bulldozed by any such subterfuges. It is not believed that any member of the board is biased. The contention of the defense is that the present board of education was not properly created by an act of Congress. What a flimsy plea. Congress did give the judges of the Supreme Court authority to appoint a Board of Education. Nine members were appointed at the time. Mrs. Brewer declined to serve. Does the defense mean to say because one member was not present that the acts of the other members of the board are contrary to law? No more so than the acts of the judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia or the decision of one judge of the police court who acts in the absence of the other. If the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia is properly constituted certainly the Board of Education is. The Supreme Court will certainly not nullify its own act by declaring that the Board it created is improperly constituted. If it did, it would revolutionize the public school system. The bill of the defense will not hold and when it is argued before Justice Clabaugh it will be seen that the defense saw its doom, hence this subterfuge. The defense of Mr. Cardozo will turn out like the case of Mrs. Taylor, who applied for a mandamus to compel the Secretary of War to reinstate her to her former position after she had been dismissed for writing articles against the President. She carried her case to the Supreme Court of the United States and Mrs. Taylor was a wiser woman after the decision of that court. The Supreme Court cannot uphold the petition of the defense. It will not declare its own acts illegal by creating the Board of Education. It cannot and it will

not. Why does the defense want to enjoin the present board for trying Mr. Cardozo? If he is innocent why does he fear an investigation. It is

"ALL COONS LOOK ALIKE."

The mid-winter dinner of the famous Gridiron Club at the New Willard last Saturday was thrown into consternation by the attack of President Roosevelt on Senator J. B. Foraker in the discussion of the Brownsville matter. At this dinner were the diplomats and the brains of the world. In the discussion of the Brownsville matter among other things President Roosevelt declared that "all coons look alike to him." He was quickly reminded by the distinguished Senator from Ohio that not only did all coons look alike to him, but "all persons," President Roosevelt especially not excepted.

When the nation's chief executive should so soon forget himself and fall beneath the dignity of a great nation by discriminating against one class of people to satisfy his personal pique he should say to the American people that he is unfit to occupy the office he holds. What had the Brownsville matter to do with the social functions that were in progress?

The speech of the President showed his littleness. Senator Foraker was not slow in his retort. Not even the President of the United States could deter him from doing his duty. It was a manly speech which forced the author of a square (2) deal to offer to drink a toast to the Democrats of the Senate. So offensive was the speech of the President that the Club would not permit him to reply to Senator Foraker. It was a crushing rebuke to the Chief Executive. Brother Gardner in the "Lime Kiln" Club could not have made a more offensive address. Senator Foraker fully demonstrated his superior intelligence over that of the President. Have not the actions of the President towards the colored Americans fully proved the assertions of The Bee.

When Senator McCarmack of Tennessee declared that the colored Americans owed the President a debt of gratitude he did not know what he was talking about. Does the Senator from Tennessee expect the colored Americans to take every insult that the President offers? Because he invited Prof. Booker T. Washington to the White House to dine, as he said in a speech in the Senate a few weeks ago, must the entire colored race accept every indignity and insult offered by the President? If there is one negro in this country who declares or has declared in a public or private speech that he indorses the action of the President he is a traitor to his people. It is true there are a few colored men who will curry favor with the Administration for personal aggrandizement, but there are not enough representative colored men in this country who have sufficient power to persuade the colored people to support the President, gratitude or no gratitude. Senator McCarmack condemns the action of the Boston colored men because they condemn the action of the President. These men are loyal to the race and don't look for any favors from the administration. Does the Senator from Tennessee indorse the speech of the President at the Gridiron Club? Was not Senator Foraker justifiable in defending himself against the attack of the President? The colored American is not ungrateful.

WHY ARE WE ASHAMED OF ONE ANOTHER?

There is but one nationality upon this great globe that is ashamed of one another. In the colored race may be found all colors, sizes and conditions. You are at liberty to pay your money and solicit your choice. The moment a colored man or woman is elevated from a scrub woman or a street cleaner to that of a school teacher, clerk or pianist, he or she comes to the conclusion that he or she is above the average colored American. The Bee has seen the most refined colored woman in a white person's kitchen or doing chamber work. A few years ago the editor of this paper was the medium through which several female graduates from the public schools secured appoint-

ments to positions of teachers in the public schools who failed to receive their appointments at the time of graduation because they were black. Many of the school officers were opposed to them because they were washerwomen's daughters and because their condition in life did not command sufficient influence to secure their employment in the schools.

Very often bastardy gets in control and refuses to recognize legitimate births. It has obtained to such an extent in this city, that the well-thinking people have become disgusted. Of course no one can help his birth. The mother and the father are responsible. In many instances illegitimacy overrides legitimacy. The former often attempts to set in judgment and dictate what shall and shall not be. Why should a servant girl or a laboring man or woman be treated with disrespect? One God created us all.

There is no discrimination in death. Why should there be any in life. We all are laid upon the bosom of our Mother Earth. The honest laborer should be given the same consideration as the richest man in existence. Riches does not always make the man or the woman. Why then should we be ashamed of one another? Let us reflect.

UNJUST DEAL.

It cannot be denied that Washington has one of the best police departments in the country and the men, or many of them, deserve great consideration. The Bee does not agree with the recommendation of Major Richard Sylvester in his disapproval of the recent bill submitted to the Commissioners by Congress. The members of the force are entitled to thirty days' leave during the year. While many of the officers are upon their feet from morning until night, many of the government officials are basking in the mountains of Virginia or sitting in front of electric fans. During the hot summer months the members of the force must keep their coats buttoned up to their necks while the perspiration runs down their backs like a stream from the Bladensburg, Md., Spa Spring. Why should not the members of the force have thirty days? Year in and year out these faithful men patrol the city, protecting the life and property of the citizens while many of them are away at the sea shore enjoying life. The city is too warm for them. But the wealthy citizen remains away all the summer, while the blue coats are compelled to stay at home and protect his property. It is unfair as well as unjust and The Bee doesn't believe that Commissioner West rejected the bill of his own volition. He is too much of a humanitarian, and Commissioner Macfarland is too much of a Christian. Yes, the bill should become a law. The bill should become a law.

MRS. WALKER SICK.

Mrs. Maggie L. Walker, not withstanding the severe snow storm last Tuesday night and her failure to appear at the Bethel Literary, a large crowd turned out to greet her. Mrs. Walker is a woman to be encouraged. She is indeed a business factor in this country. She is a business woman and is doing more than any other woman in the United States to advance the colored people in business. She is a self-made woman and the organization that she represents is an honor to the colored people. A more deserving compliment could not be paid her than to elect her secretary of the St. Luke's for life. She is entitled to it. She deserves it and the delegates at the next convention should unanimously elect her to the above position. Attorney James H. Hayes, the legal representative of St. Luke's read the address of Mrs. Walker. While Attorney Hayes is an eloquent speaker, he could not impress the people as Mrs. Walker would have impressed them. The Bee means by that Attorney Hayes is impressive in his own language but not so when he speaks other people's thoughts. However, Attorney Hayes was applauded several times during the delivery of Mrs. Walker's address.

The order of St. Luke's is next to the Grand United Order of True Reformers. Both of these organizations are doing great work among the

colored people and The Bee is pleased to see them succeed.

THE AFRO-AMERICAN COUNCIL.

A meeting of the local committee of the Afro-American Council will be held at 5 o'clock Monday evening, February 4. In the evening there will be a public mass meeting held under the auspices of the league at which time several representative men will be present and speak. Everybody is invited to be present. Dr. Corrothers is the chairman of the local committee and it is his intention to do all in his power to make the Afro-American Council a factor. The local committee will establish permanent headquarters in some suitable place in the city where information may be obtained in the interest of the colored race. The local committee wants to raise five thousand dollars for the purpose of pushing through the certain measures affecting the colored race. It is hoped that the people will turn out and have the objects of the Council explained to them.

THE LILY WHITES.

The Bee has received several communications from reputable citizens condemning the recent organization of lily white negroes. It is this class of colored people who are dangerous to the social circle. They have been a menace to our public school system. Investigation shows that almost every individual connected with this recent movement is an interloper who has no social standing at home.

TUSKEGEE NOT THE ISSUE.

From the Chicago Conservator.
In his excellent paper, the Washington (D. C.) Bee, Brother Chase makes reply to our strictures on his change of base touching Dr. Booker T. Washington's real value to the Negro race as a leader and national representative. Before paying special notice to the points which Brother Chase raises, as palliating his face about, we beg to say of Chase himself that it is a positive pleasure, as well as interesting, to dispute the feasibility of positions with a man of his calibre and high character and self-respect.
In fact, we have, from a pure conscience and with no other motive but to serve the best interest of our people as a race journal, supported by the race, fought with all the power at our command. What we regard as Mr. Washington's doctrine of surrender and inactive contentment in the face of the most outrageous discrimination, civil and political, against our people—a sickly, cowardly submission to all sorts of maltreatment with the hope that after the Negro got rich in this world's goods the white South would consent to let him enjoy his civil and political rights. This fight for our people the Conservator has carried on for more than ten years, and while a great reaction has set in for the better by reason of the Negro's throwing aside Mr. Washington's advice and repudiating Mr. Washington as his leader and his spokesman, we have in that short time more than realized our worst fears as to the results of Mr. Washington's peculiar doctrine on the general condition of our people.

During all this time not one Negro newspaper, supporting Mr. Washington's policy and claiming to defend him in it, in attempting to meet our objections to his propaganda, ever arose to the dignity of an argument. Each one of his organs, and he had nearly all of them, contented itself with a line of vulgar blackguardism and billingsgate and cursing the editor of the Chicago Conservator as sufficient defense and argument for Mr. Washington's race-degrading policy. The result was that for a time, led by Tom Fortune, "the Nestor of the Negro press," that all the "enterprising" Negro newspapers of the country, with a few brave notable exceptions, like The Bee, either held up the Conservator to ridicule and contempt, or passed it unnoticed, and to this day some of them hate it worse than the devil hates holy water. But we were not running our paper for newspapers and newspaper men, but for the people, and we stuck by the people, ignoring and exposing and lambasting all cringing newspapers and all flunkies who were making merchandise out of the race.

Now, as we see the result of our efforts in a subscription increased many fold throughout the country, with the whole race everywhere approving our cause, and above all the Negroes repudiating and setting aside Washington as a spokesman (and a representative and the race fighting its own battles, making friends and growing in respectability all over the world as never before.

We still love and highly respect all the press gang and hope the day will soon come when we can unite our forces as one man for the race and stop this

sickening fuss over Booker T. Washington and remand him to his school work, for which he seems best fitted. If Washington could be induced to get out of politics and stop his practice of preaching policies and orders for the race and go and give his attention entirely to the work which we all admit he can best do, and stop buying influential Negro journals which would otherwise serve the race for his special boosters when he runs counter to the race interest, we could all unite in supporting and holding up his hands while he taught our youth the use of the trowel, the spade, plow, hammer, hatchet, etc.

It is not a fight on Mr. Washington's school or his person that the self-respecting, race-loving Negro is waging; it is his persistent determination to use the great prominence which he enjoys as a first Negro to impress the country with the idea that the Negro must be content to be less than a full-fledged citizen to be acceptable to his fellows. Now, Brother Chase, being a new recruit to Mr. Washington's advocacy, opens up a new and wily way of disposing of disputed propositions upon which honest men can differ and still respect one another, and it is hoped his new allies with take advantage of his manly example in meeting his foes and assist in dignifying their undignified service by showing some respect for those who honestly oppose their notions.

In his reply to the Conservator's strictures Brother Chase makes the common mistake of asserting that the Conservator is opposed to Mr. Washington's school methods, etc.; and that in that line he has done no good, or at least done more harm than good. In this Brother Chase does the Conservator an injustice which it is plain from his fair spirit and brave manner he does not intend. We have never known Chase to purposely misrepresent even his most bitter enemy in a combat. He will fight fair if he gets whipped. No Negro newspaper on a truckling slave to our dear old friend, Mr. Booker T. Washington, ever said more complimentary and beautiful things of the school and the school work of Booker T. Washington than the Conservator, and no man can find one word that it ever said against his efforts along that line. We have voluntarily commended the school and praised Washington as the greatest living projector of the industrial activities and have advised hundreds of our youth to take advantage of it.

We have never said or entertained anything other than that Washington was a gentleman of finest character and in that respect a splendid example of our best men, which we should like our young men to follow. To argue with us, therefore, that Mr. Washington's school work is of great value to the race is superfluous. We know it all and appreciate it, and if he would agree to let the race go and contend for its civil and political rights without his interfering to call them thieves, and to advise the white man to feed us out of a wooden spoon, while the rest of the citizens and Japs are fed out of silver spoons, the Conservator would support him and support him heartily and he would not send us a check every month to do it, either.

Brother Chase is too close an observer and too well posted as to the position and policies to need any clear elementary statement of the Conservator's position touching our active relations to the American negro.

By a little reflection Brother Chase will defy anybody to prove that the Conservator ever said one word to indicate that Mr. Washington was doing any injurious work in his school; and the very fact that he cannot carry on that school in the South and represent the great race in its contention for its Constitutional rights has been the chief reason why the Conservator has in the name of the race contended that he should in no way meddle with matters he can only make worse by the dabbling in, and at the same time injure the work by which he contributes so much to the material worth of our race. This was the former stand of the able Bee, and we believe The Bee did much more good for the race generally in this position than it can possibly do in ten years' boosting Washington as a leader and representative Negro while his hands are tied to the skirts of the white South.

We are Washington's real friend.

THOSE LETTERS.

From the Colored World.
Editor Chase, of the Washington Bee, writes George B. Cortelyou a scathing letter.

THE DISMISSED SOLDIERS.

If there are any members of Companies A, B, and C, of the Twenty-fifth Infantry in the city, please send their names and addresses to the Editor of The Bee. If any member of these three companies should see this notice he is requested to send his name to The Bee at once. If any citizen of the United States knows the whereabouts of any member of any of the above companies he will please send his name to The Bee, Washington, District of Columbia.

READ THE BEE.



TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers for The Bee are notified that no collector will be sent to them for subscriptions and they will either call and pay or send a check or postal money order. The management will not annoy subscribers with collectors. Address, B. L. C. Subscription Department of The Washington Bee, 1009 Eye street, N. W.

P. W. Chavers, editor of the Columbus, Ohio, and Dr. Wm. Guy Ween, both of Columbus, Ohio, visited the city this week. While here they visited the editor of The Bee.

Dr. Samuel M. Pierre is fact improving and will no doubt be able to resume his practice in a few weeks.

Miss Jackson of Boston, Mass., was the guest of honor at a reception by Miss Josephine Mason of 1614 Corcoran street, N. W.

Mrs. Lucy Early, mother of Miss Mayme Early has been quite sick, but is now recovering.

The friends of Dr. E. D. Scott of 903 9th street, N. E., are glad to hear of his return to the city entirely recovered from his attack of sickness.

Mrs. Webster, daughter of Mr. Gorham Fletcher, will soon return to her home in Jamaica.

Mrs. Mary Gray is very sick at her home, 24 DeFrees street, N. W.

Prof. Ferris has been asked to be one of the editors of "The Constitutional League," a paper which they hope to edit in Philadelphia, Pa., next month some time.

Miss Goldie Fletcher, who came to the city to attend the funeral of her mother, has returned to take charge of her school in N. J.

Rev. Lamkins has been transferred from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to the Post Office Department in this city.

The surprise party which was given Mrs. Haley of 45 Hanover street, was an enjoyable affair. It was indeed a surprise to her.

Miss Julia Jenkins, who has been visiting her parents here has returned to her school in Virginia.

There was quite a large attendance at the missionary meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society at the 19th Street Baptist Church. The program was interesting. Every one was convinced that "It is more blessed to give than to receive."

Mrs. Mabre of 1112 New Jersey avenue, N. W., has left the city to spend the winter in Charlotte, N. C., with her daughter, Mrs. A. B. Robinson.

There was a great deal of disappointment last Tuesday at the Bethel Literary for not hearing Mrs. Walker as was announced. She was indisposed.

Miss Irene Lawson of this city was very much pleased with the few days spent in the Quaker City.

Mr. Harrison Bundy of Baltimore, Md., spent Sunday with his relatives at 83 O street, N. W.

The name of this club shall be the Lily White Social Club of Washington. Charcoal black, chestnut brown, Chinese or Japanese yellow are not eligible to membership. Part of constitution of Lily Whites. This Lily White Social Club may enroll every white in Washington but it will have no effect upon the white people. Nothing is more distasteful to them than bastardy. The question of color among certain Negroes is doing the same harm.—Editor The Bee.

Mr. Harry Lee of this city was entertained while in New Haven, Conn., by Mrs. L. S. Howard at her home, 18 York street.

Mrs. Arabella V. Chase, the Literary Editor of The Bee, is confined to her bed by sickness.

Mrs. Jas. Woolridge of this city stopped at Miller's Hotel during her recent visit to Richmond, Va.

Mrs. Rosa Thompson, G. W. Missess R. B., True Reformers, left

REGISTER VERNON BANQUET-ED.

Register W. T. Vernon was tendered a banquet Wednesday evening at Odd Fellows' hall by a committee of representative citizens of this city. It was a representative gathering of his friends and admirers. The addresses by the guests were eloquent, parental and witty. Architect J. A. Lankford had the banquet in charge and he made it a success.

The address of Register Vernon was pointed and unassuming, which elicited great applause.

Too much cannot be said of Mr. Lankford. He is one of the most enterprising men in the city and a man who enters a thing with a will. Mr. Lankford and Register Vernon are fast friends and they both married women of refinement and culture. Mr. Vernon's wife is the daughter of Bishop Emory and Mr. Lankford's wife is the granddaughter of Bishop Turner.

Register Vernon will leave for the West next week.

DE LILY WHITE.

Da's some foolish half-white niggers

Dat am libbin in dis town,

An da's go mo foolish notions

Den an ole time circus clown.

Da's done gone an fom a ciety,

An da calls hit de elite,

An do say dat you can't jine em

Ceptin you kin pass fo white.

Yass, da say da's not er gwine tu

Mix wid cullud fokes no moah,

Ef ya's black er brown or yaller

Da will sho ya tu de doah.

Yu don't need no repertashun;

Virtue—hit's not counted in.

Yu jes needs er little money

An er chawlk and cheese lak skin,

Den jes swah dat you will nebber

Mix wid cullud fokes no mo,

Den da'll make you er full member,

"lily white" from top top tu toe.

Wen you am er slusive nigger,

Rigged out fer tu cut er dash,

An ef ya's FREE wid yo MONEY,

Yu kin mix wid "Poah White Twash."

Dem dar fokes am sho do limit,

Da don't b'long to neether race,

So I guess da's started out tu

Take thah rite and proper place,

Case I'se sho no cullud—pusen

Am er hankerin tu claim kin

Wid er thing so simple minded

Ez tu jedge fokes by thar skin.

Mongst da white fokes what's respected,

Da won't nebber cut no dash,

So da'll haffter fine thar level

Mongst da seves an "Poah White Twash."

Is done seed some crazy loons,

Is done seed some apes an monkeys

An some grizzly, gray baboons,

Is done seed some curious varmits

Now an den fom ebry clime,

But dese "Lily White" contraptions

Am de things whut beats my time.

Hope da da will be successful,

Hope da'll fine der propper place,

Case ole Saten's gwie ter cram dem

All inter de hottest space.

—James Conway Jackson.

HE COMMENDS THE BEE.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 26, 1907.

Editor Washington Bee:

In your issue of the 19th inst. occurs an editorial article under the title "Do We Surrender?"

We have just finished the perusal of the article and cannot refrain from writing to you our congratulations for your strong words of praise for Prof. Washington. He is worthy of high encomiums for the plain, homely advice he gives to our race. Mistakes, yes. Thank the Lord, he is human—so human that he is liable to make them, as well as we, and we hope that The Bee has said something to Editor Wilkins which will clear the dust from his eyes and mind, and lead him to believe that the world is full of people, and that he is only one of the units of the hundreds of millions of the world's population.

Sincerely and fraternally yours,
R. B. Montgomery,
Edwin N. Bason.

NUMBER OF CHURCHES.

From the last directory of this District issued, there appears to be 115 colored churches apportioned as follows: Baptist, 67; Roman Catholic, 2; Congregational, 4; Protestant Episcopal (including missions), 7; Presbyterian, 1; Seventh-Day Adventists, 1; Swedenborgian, 1; Methodist, 32, embracing all branches. Among our numerous church choirs it may be safely asserted that there are probably only four which may be specially mentioned for their rendition of church music in a highly satisfactory and acceptable manner. These choirs are the St. Augustine's, Fifteenth street near M street northwest; the

Lincoln Memorial, corner of Eleventh and R streets northwest; the People's Congregational, M street between Sixth and Seventh streets northwest, and the choir of St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Chapel, Twenty-third street northwest, between G and H streets. We suggest to all lovers of good music that they visit these churches from time to time, and hear sacred music rendered in a most beautiful and impressive manner. It will certainly repay the visit and prove both helpful and inspiring.

"THE LILS MET."

A special meeting of the Lily White Social Club was called Wednesday evening for the purpose of comparing notes. Only a few met and they greeted one another by saying that "I called to tell you that I could not join." "Did you read The Bee?" remarked another. The president of the Lils did not make her appearance, hence it was decided to disband.

Peace be to the Lils. It was a sad meeting and those present sympathized with themselves. The president when last seen was hiding her identity. The secretary did not even show up at the meeting Wednesday evening. The meeting adjourned sine die.

RABBI ELKIN PREACHES A SERMON ON GENERAL LEE.

From the Alexandria Daily Town Talk
At the temple last Friday evening Rabbi Elkin took for his subject the life of Robert E. Lee in connection with some episodes from the life of Jacob. Speaking of the conflict of the States in connection with the meeting of Jacob and Esau, he said:

"The ancients tell us that Jacob prepared himself in a three-fold manner to meet Esau. He bethought himself of gifts to placate his brother, then he resorted to prayer, and if these two would not help, then in the last resort, he would wage war as did Abraham for Lot. Robert E. Lee lived through all these compromises which were made to settle the great question of slavery. No question of matter and moment was ever settled till it was settled correctly and these compromises on the slavery issue only staved off the inevitable conflict. There are those who tell us that the conflict would have come without the problem of slavery. The 'Cavalier' of the South and the 'Puritan' of the North are temperaments entirely different and would have come to blows just as they did in England of old. Even if it be true that 'history repeats itself.' Yet let us not forget that the same problem is today before the American people and the stock in trade for the newspaper cartoonist is the 'Brownsville tragedy.' We have the spectacle presented of a Senator telling us that this great republic is on the eve of a 'race conflict.'"

"In the solution of this question, on the anniversary of this character 'sans peur et sans reproche' we may profitably ask ourselves how would this warrior who bore the brunt of the battle for the South, have answered this question? Would he have approved of the cartoonist day in and day out, using a simple act of justice as a means to earn bread and butter and indirectly to goad the passions of the people? Would he have approved of a Senator criticising the President for an act which would have been consummated had the soldiers been white instead of black? Would the great Southerner have joined with those who see in a simple act of justice 'political material and thunder,' which can be used against one who has shown himself on various occasions a friend of the black man? Lee as a soldier accepted the arbitrament of war and the central question settled by the titanic struggle would not have been obscured in his lucid and clear mind by the side issues which today are engendered by the living together of the two races. Beside Lee was a peace-loving man. His wife wrote that he shed 'tears of blood' when duty compelled him to draw the sword for his beloved Virginia. Who can calculate the great good which he did for a reconstructed South when under his presidency of Washington and Lee University there were sent out eight hundred young men who, by their culture and education lit up the 'dark places'?"

"Fitting it is that his monument in the Crescent City should be the place where peace and love meet each other; where colored nurse and little babe and romping child flock as if they knew themselves to be at peace under the benign gaze of him who was greater in peace than in war.

"With angels and with men he wrestled and conquered." As a general Lee may be open to criticism in consequence of his magnanimity to take upon himself the blame belonging to officers who did the best they could with the inferior material which a poorer South afforded; but as a man of peace there can be but one verdict. He who makes two blades of grass grow where before there was one, is a public benefactor. What shall be said in eulogy of one who prefers to greater emolument, which might have been his, the praise of a whole people would rise up and call him by that most honored of Jewish titles, Rabbi—Teacher?"

The Lily Whites

The color prejudice among the colored residents in the city is becoming more alarming daily. This social distemper will be the ruin of the race. It is true that there are certain colored people in this community who have been trying for ages to organize a lily white social club. The Bee spoke briefly last week about the Lotus Club that was organized several years ago. This club admitted none but clerks, teachers and professional men. The club disbanded very soon after it was organized. Many of its members disgraced themselves by their immoral conduct. One or two went to the insane asylum, while others went to the poor house. It was a question of position in this club and not color. The club was organized very soon after the Emancipation of the Negro. Clerks, etc., were new to the newly emancipated and professional men were at a premium. They were called the exclusive set. There are one or two other organizations in this city now that would like to dictate all social functions. It is composed of sporting men, a few clerks and social good time females otherwise called the elite.

They are not the citizens of Washington but many of them have been given social standing by the people. A history of many of the members would make the natives blush. Some time ago a social function was to be given by one of these clubs and a gentleman of high social distinction was black-balled by one of its members. The member who black-balled him was from North Carolina. His reason was that he was not seen in many social functions that he attended and his wife was not known. The wife of the member was formerly a public school teacher and from one of the leading families in the city. Normally the lady was above suspicion and stood high socially. The member who objected to the wife and husband was an unknown quantity when he came to the city, but a clerkship in one of the departments gave him quasi social standing among his immediate friends. There are a few social organizations now in existence that have taken the names of several white social clubs, but they are not incorporated. Many of these individuals continue to visit department houses, where they are frequently refused.

MOB OF WHITE SOLDIERS.

In a Riot Wrought Havoc Upon Colored Citizens.
From the Colored World, Columbus, O.
Columbus, Ohio, January 22, was the scene of a practical repetition of the Brownsville affair shortly after 6.30 Monday evening, when a mob of nearly fifty soldiers started out to wreck the colored citizens of the city on Locust street, between High and Fourth Sts. No shots were fired, but the soldiers wrought much havoc with bricks, stones and clubs. They shattered windows, and assaulted men and women, a few being slightly injured. Nearly every window along the street was broken, and the occupants of the houses fled for their lives. Many white business houses suffered loss of broken windows

and other property.
Major E. F. Glenn, commandant at the Columbus Barracks, took prompt and strenuous action to quell the disturbance when it was reported to him. Two companies were quickly assembled and sent to the scene of the trouble in double-quick time, with orders to round up and convey to the post every soldier they found. Both companies were armed. The police officers who were rushed to the scene aided the two companies in arresting all the soldiers they could find.

THE LAMB AND THE LION SHALL LIE DOWN TOGETHER.

From the Christian Index.
For a great many years the Washington Bee, published in Washington, D. C., has never seen anything said or done by Booker T. Washington to compliment. It has lost no time in criticizing the sage of Tuskegee, and often handled him without gloves. In an issue of that paper in December there was a change of front by the versatile editor. It spoke very complimentary of Mr. Washington in the highest terms. Indeed we were glad to see that the lamb and the lion have come to be strange bed-fellows. There is no need of eternal warfare on a man because he is doing what he believes to be right. The Washington Bee is ably edited and one of the best weekly papers published anywhere. See!

UNITE.

From the Flag of Peace.
Let the Booker T. Washington League and the Anti-Unité. Brother Chase is right.

A GOOD PRAYER.

From the St. Luke Herald.
It is our daily prayer that the bill to prevent Negroes from enlisting in the army and navy will become a law. Let the Negro take some other road to heaven.

FREE LECTURE AND MUSIC.

From the Baptist Trumpet.
Mrs. Maggie L. Walker, of Richmond, Va., president of the St. Luke Penny Savings Bank; R. W. G. Sec. for the I. O. of St. Luke, with a membership of 30,000 adults and juveniles, also the president of the St. Luke Emporium, with a capital stock of \$40,000, will arrive in this city Wednesday, February 6th.

There will be a mass-meeting of all the councils of the I. O. of St. Luke Wednesday evening, February 6, at the Monumental Baptist Church, Fifty-first and Ludlow streets; Dr. Gordon, pastor. Every member is urged to be present. Music by the choir also. Mrs. Anna M. Washington, of Wayne, Ind., will sing a solo. Mrs. Walker will lecture Thursday evening at the Zion Baptist Church, Thirteenth street below Wallace; Dr. E. W. Moore, pastor.

From the Recorder.

Rev. A. H. Gunn of Washington, D. C., who has charge of the Mt. Zion Baptist Church in this city, will preach his farewell sermon at Mt. Zion Church on Sunday, February 3. Rev. Gunn came to this city in order to show a favor to Rev. H. H. Harris not seeking to become pastor of any church at all because duty calls him in Washington. Mt. Zion is a good church and her pastor, Rev. Harris, will soon be with them.

VALENTINES.

Valentines wholesale and retail. Heart cards. Favors. Wonders for children.

J. Jay Gould,
421 9th street.

CREDIT FOR ALL WASHINGTON.

January Sale

The biggest opportunity of the Year to buy Homefurnishings

It is lucky for you that we were so heavily stocked and that you can choose from such a vast assortment at saving prices. But don't let too many days slip by before you take advantage of the opportunity. All our customers know what our January Sale means to them, and they are not slow in profiting by it. Get your share of the bargains before the stocks become depleted and the prettiest patterns chosen. It is a case where you can save a good round sum by anticipating future wants. We will gladly arrange the payments to suit you.

Peter Grogan

817-819-821-823 Seventh Street,

Between H and I Streets.

House & Herrman

Cor. 7th EYE STS. N. W.

It Costs No More

OUR SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

Offers you a big selection of good patterns in all the newest styles of FURNITURE, DRAPERIES, FLOOR COVERINGS, and other home decorations. We shall be glad to open an account with you and arrange convenient credit terms.

ODD GIFT TO BRIDE

FATHER GIVES WEIGHT IN SOAP AS DOWRY.

Chocolate, Coal and Silver Also Figure in Wedding Presents Made by the Parents Interested.

London.—A valuable wife in the present state of the soap trade must be the woman M. Le Blanc, a Parisian has just married. The bride, who was the daughter of a hairdresser in a large way of business, not only received from her father a handsome dot in money, but her own weight in the best toilet soap. As she weighed close to 140 pounds, the couple will possess sufficient soap to last them for some years to come.

When asked by his prospective father-in-law, a flourishing West end tobacconist, to name the gift he would like to receive on his wedding day, the young man suggested a few boxes of cigars as being of more use than the usual presents presented on such occasions. "Very well; you shall have my daughter's weight in cigars," said the other. He was as good as his word. The bride weighed 128 pounds.

Mlle. Marie Brie, the niece of a Marseilles confectioner, received from her uncle on her marriage three years ago an eccentric gift in the form of her own weight in chocolate. Perhaps the worthy patissier had in mind when making the present the custom which prevails in Peru. There, on the marriage morn, the bride is actually weighed, and after the ceremony the bridegroom is presented by his wife's relatives with her weight in sugar.

A Yorkshire coal merchant's present to his daughter on her marriage was to be regulated by her weight, for every pound of which she is to be the recipient of a ton of the best coal. His intention, which he communicated to her on the day she became engaged, stirred her, as she was a young woman of frugal mind, so that during the six months her engagement lasted her value went up ten tons. Doubtless she would have made further inroads into her father's store had not that worthy merchant hurriedly married her off at a loss of only 172 tons.

The father of a girl living in the town of Konigsgratz offered to present anyone who should become her husband with her weight in silver currency. As she was well favored and of a build which, although not exceptionally stout, promised an amount ample to make a good start in business, more than one claimant appeared. The most eligible was at length selected and the wedding duly solemnized. Then came the most important function, the weighing of the bride, who, to her husband's delight, was found to weigh 155 pounds, or 13,500 kronen, an equivalent to \$2,812.

BOY SEEMS UNDER BAN.

Blind, Deaf and Dumb, No Institution Opens Its Doors to Him.

Bellefontaine, O.—The disposition that is to be made with Wilbur Reynolds, age seven years, who cannot see, hear, or speak, now rests with Gov. Harris.

Neither the Logan county infirmary nor the children's home has accommodations for the almost helpless child. He was sent to the blind asylum by Probate Judge Plum of Logan county some time ago, but the superintendent there said he could not keep the child because he was also deaf and dumb. Then he was transferred to the deaf and dumb asylum, but now the superintendent there says he has notified the Logan county officers that the child cannot remain there because they have failed to make any progress with him, and he thinks the boy is not mentally competent.

When application was made for the admission of the unfortunate boy to the imbecile asylum the superintendent of that institution said he would not take him because his institution was crowded. He refused to accept the charge from the Logan county officials.

Now the matter has been laid before the governor to see in what institution he thinks the boy belongs. In the meantime the child is at the deaf and dumb asylum, but the superintendent insists that he will have to be removed from there.

PAGE "AD" FOR BIBLE CLASS.

Resort to Publicity Brings 150 New Members at a Time.

Knoxville, Tenn.—The Cumberland men's Bible class, which inserted a page advertisement in a local newspaper last spring, and was discussed throughout the country, had another page advertisement to-day.

The class is part of the Sunday school of the First Cumberland Presbyterian church. Its teacher is O. P. Sterling, a business man. "Advertising pays in business. Why won't it pay in a Sunday school?" asked Sterling of the Rev. W. T. Rogers, the pastor, and the plan was adopted. One hundred and fifty new members were the result. Now 150 more are wanted. A paragraph in the advertisement reads:

"Men—Give us your attention a moment. The world to-day is crying more than ever for men of Christian character. Great corporations, financiers, business men are joining in this great appeal for men of merit and Christian integrity."

MAINE LUMBER QUEEN

MISS STIMSON HAS FAIRLY WON THE TITLE.

Success in New Field Achieved in Face of Keenest Competition—Given No Advantage on Account of Sex.

Boston.—Clara Stimson, who has earned the title of "the Lumber Queen of Maine," closed her mills at Smyrna Mills, Limerick and Ashland, recently, after a busy and successful season.

Miss Stimson is one of the ablest and most enterprising women of New England, and has for many years conducted a large timber and lumber manufacturing business in the face of keen competition. She has had many interesting encounters with leading lumber barons of Aroostook, but so comprehensive is her knowledge of Maine's lumber resources and so accurate is her estimate of men that she seldom comes off second best in her deals.

She will start up her mills again in the spring and expects to manufacture as much, if not more, lumber than in 1906.

Miss Stimson's mills at Smyrna Mills and Limerick saw long lumber, laths and shingles. She has a competent crew of men at each place, but drives from her home here in Houlton almost every day personally to oversee operations. Some of the logs which are converted into lumber at these mills are cut on her own timber land in New Limerick township.

A few years ago Miss Stimson built a big mill on the Ashland branch of the Bangor & Aroostook, but found it



CLARA M. STIMSON.
(Maine Woman Who Conducts Large Timber and Lumber Business.)

hard work to personally oversee so many plants, so she sold it.

In the great fire which swept over Houlton two years ago Miss Stimson, with most of her neighbors, lost her dwelling house and many of her belongings. She has recently built a new house on one of the principal residential streets of the town, the house being one of the finest in Houlton.

In the course of an interview, Miss Stimson said:

"I was obliged to go into the lumber business first because of the death of my father, who was extensively interested in sawmills and timber lands. I soon became interested in it for its own sake, and have accomplished all I could. I have never been used discourteously in any of my business dealings, but I have never been given any advantage and have had to look out for myself.

"The lumber business is becoming more complicated every year, but I have tried to keep pace with it. Stumpage has gone up to a very high figure and lumber has been at a high price for two years.

"In my opinion, spruce lumber is too high. It is selling for more than it is really worth, and the market will slump some time, perhaps when least expected.

"We have been bothered a good deal this year by the shortage of cars, although we didn't make as much talk about it as the potato raisers. I shipped a good many carloads to Boston, but the greater part of the output of my mills has been used right in the state. In fact, I consider my home market the best."

From Miss Stimson's Smyrna plant 95 carloads of lumber have been shipped. The capacity of the mill is a little over 20,000 feet of long lumber per day.

Darkey's Simple Reasoning.

The peculiar simplicity of the country darkey in the south is illustrated by a story told by Congressman John Sharp Williams. An old negro had gone to a post office in Mississippi and offered for the mail a letter that was over the weight specified for the single stamp. "This is too heavy," said the postmaster. "You will have to put another stamp on it." The old darkey's eyes widened in astonishment. "Will anudder stamp make it any lighter, boss?" he asked.

Immense High-Pressure Pump.

The biggest high-pressure pump in the world is installed in the Dry Digging placer field of southern Oregon, on Rogue river, and is used to operate a battery of hydraulic motors in the mines. "This pump is tested to withstand a maximum pressure of 250 pounds to the square inch. Its capacity is 13,000,000 gallons a day of 24 hours, or 9,000 gallons a minute." Technical World Magazine for January.

Shooting Gold in a Siberian Mine.



The above picture was made at the Troitzk mines, which are the most important and richest of the whole district. Women are largely employed in the mills and on the surface works. "It was curious to watch them hard at work shoveling up the rich ore as it came from the shaft as though it were so much coal or rubble," writes a correspondent. "Wages are ridiculously low as compared with what is paid in other mining camps I have visited—2 shillings a day for miners and general laborers, while women and boys get even less. Yet there is always an abundance of labor to be got at these rates. The Troitzk district is nothing more nor less than a huge gold-producing industrial center and presents a startling contrast to the dreary vista of endless forest or steppe one has to traverse to reach it. "The ore is crushed by what is known as Chilean mills." No convicts are employed in these mines.

FARM LAWS ATTRACT

INVESTORS PARTIAL TO AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY.

Life Insurance Companies and Banks Favorable to This Class of Securities—Few Mortgages Foreclosed.

Chicago.—The attractiveness of farm loans in the middle west is having a decided effect on Chicago capital, according to bankers and brokers. Considerable activity is manifesting itself in this direction, and many of the leading life insurance companies are acquiring first mortgages on farms in Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Minnesota, the Dakotas and the country adjacent.

The present holdings of the insurance companies considerably exceed \$200,000,000 in these securities. Farm mortgages in the country mentioned net five, five and one-half and six per cent. They are limited, as a rule, to productive farms, and are made on a basis of 40 per cent of the land value, closely appraised, and not including the value of improvements. Bankers point to the remarkably few foreclosures of farm mortgages in this section. The number scarcely exceeds one-tenth of one per cent.

As compared with other investments based on lands in cities, the bankers of the middle west favor the well-placed farm loans, which, they declare, contain every element of attractiveness. A farm loan is regarded as a quick asset, whereas the contrary was true not much more than a decade ago.

Many trust companies now include a separate department for the purchase and sale of farm loans. Chicago has a number of firms dealing in them, and it is estimated that close to \$15,000,000 in such securities is held by Chicago investors. A large increase in this class of investment is predicted.

Statistics show that the value of Missouri real estate, for example, is \$2,000,000,000, while Kansas has real property worth \$1,000,000,000. Oklahoma real estate is estimated at \$358,000,000.

Missouri has \$204,000,000 invested in live stock, \$32,000,000 in farm implements, \$92,000,000 in manufacturing machinery and \$310,000,000 in railroads.

Oklahoma is a land of homes. Out of 87,000 families in 1906, more than 60,000 owned their homes. The people are engaged chiefly in agriculture. The cash value of the farms is estimated at \$233,000,000. The 1906 corn crop amounted to 125,000,000 bushels, representing \$37,500,000. The cotton crop has a value of \$15,000,000. More than 27,000,000 bushels of wheat was harvested in 1906, and 23,000 tons of broom corn cut. Fruit of all kinds is raised in abundance.

Farm lands in Oklahoma range from \$18 to \$65 an acre, or an average of about \$30.

Gets a Million; Quits School.

New Haven, Conn.—Having inherited \$1,000,000, Mariette Crouse, 22 years of age, until recently a Yale student, has founded a corporation to publish a national magazine to be known as the Journal of American History. Crouse was studying mechanical engineering at the Sheffield Scientific school, but, becoming enthusiastic over his work as manager of the Yale Scientific Monthly, he decided to go into the publishing business.

Egg Says Judgment Day Is Nigh.

Dickson, Tenn.—A citizen of Hohenwald recently found that one of his hens had laid an egg, upon the shell of which was plainly watermarked the words: "Prepare for the Judgment, for it is close at hand." The find was made known and the egg immediately became the center of much curiosity. It is now on exhibition at Hohenwald, and has caused consternation among the superstitious. Many believe it is a warning of the Judgment Day.

CATTLE RAISING IN MEXICO.

It Has Become a Leading Industry in Last Few Years.

San Antonio, Tex.—Mexico is buying more well-bred breeding cattle than any six states in the union. This is the claim made by breeders of good beef stock.

From the most miserable specimens of range cattle to the finest grades on the continent is the record of the Diaz republic in the last ten years.

The cattle-raising industry in the republic is now one of the principal sources of prosperity there. The large ranch of Don Luis Terrazas and his son-in-law, Enrique C. Creel, the new ambassador to the United States, which covers many thousands of acres in Chihuahua, is one of the best-stocked cattle ranges in the world.

This ranch has more than a thousand Hereford bulls that are of the blood royal. But there are many other ranches in various parts of the republic where cattle of the best quality have replaced the scrubs of a few years ago.

The dairy-cattle industry is also being pushed to the front in the republic, and all along the line the breed of live stock is being bettered. This is due in chief to the great number of progressive American cattlemen who have removed to the republic to engage in cattle raising. Their lead has proven profitable to the Mexican ranch owners.

At the recent San Antonio International fair a Mexican ranch owner made an order for 500 miles of wire fence for his sheep pasture.

WHIST SINFUL, SAYS CHAMPION.

Woman Stops Sermon to Renounce Game in Which She Excels.

Des Moines, Ia.—Before a congregation of nearly a thousand persons, and while the preacher was in the midst of his sermon, Mrs. A. B. Sims, a society woman and holder of the national woman's whist championship, arose in the University Church of Christ and denounced card playing as a sin.

Mrs. Sims is one of the most prominent women of the city. For many years she has been an active member of women's clubs which affect whist and other card games. Two years ago Mrs. Sims won the first prize for women in the whist tournament held at Cleveland. Last year at St. Louis she won the national woman's championship.

It is said that recent evangelical meetings held in the city are responsible for the change in Mrs. Sims' ideas. She attended all of these meetings, which lasted for three weeks, and since that time has come to the conclusion that all card games are wrong.

During the service Mrs. Sims impulsively stood up and renounced card games forever.

Her friends in the congregation, who knew of her pride in her whist triumphs, gasped in amazement. She had told no one of her intentions.

Never Late in Forty Years.

Chester, Pa.—Samuel A. Crozer, the Upland millionaire philanthropist, known as "the Grand Old Man of Upland," has reached the fortieth year of his career as superintendent of the Upland Baptist Sunday school. A marked feature of the many years the wealthy manufacturer has been at the head of the school has been Mr. Crozer's punctuality in beginning the session. He has never failed to begin the session just as the hour hand on his watch pointed to nine o'clock. The hours for study are regular, and the time for study is as much so, the result being that the young folks who attend the school are drilled to be diligent, punctual and methodical.

Pay Comes for Sobriety.

Amityville, N. Y.—Eugene Anderson has finished a ride of 13 years on the water wagon, the prize of his long abstinence being \$1,000,000 left to him in trust, to be delivered when, in the opinion of the trustees, he showed sufficient control over his appetite for drink. He is now 50 years old. He has not said how he will celebrate coming into possession of the fortune.

BRAVE TEXAS RANGER

CAPT. McDONALD HAS HAD MANY THRILLING ENCOUNTERS.

For Years He Has Been the Most Famous Peace Officer in the Southwest—Has Been Wounded Many Times.

Washington.—Capt. William J. McDonald, who has become famous through Maj. Blocksom's report on the Brownsville affair, in which he was characterized as so brave that "he would not hesitate to charge hell with one bucketful of water," is the most noted peace officer in the southwest. He has been commander of a company of Texas rangers for nearly 20 years and has had many thrilling encounters with desperate men.

Only a few weeks ago he and three members of his company were riding along a road near Rio Grande City, when they were fired upon by Mexicans in ambush. Capt. McDonald and his men returned the fire in the darkness, being guided in their aim by the flashes of the guns of the attacking party. They killed four Mexicans and wounded others.

Capt. McDonald has killed a number of men while in the performance of his duty as an officer of the law. He is literally "shot to pieces," but he is still as fit and active as a boy. He is never unarmed. Day and night he wears a big .45 and one of the latest improved automatic pistols. He sleeps with both these pistols by his side, whether in a hotel in town or in camp in some remote and dangerous locality of the border region.

Practically all of Capt. McDonald's life has been spent on the frontier. He trailed Indians and hunted buffalo in Texas 40 years ago. He has a record for coolness and bravery almost unequalled.

Ten years ago Capt. McDonald had a pistol duel with Sheriff Joe Matthews, of Childress county, Texas, and two deputies at Quanah. He killed Sheriff Matthews and was himself wounded almost to death. The two men had had trouble over which of them should have custody of a prisoner.

Seven years ago John and George Humphreys, white farmers, were lynched. Alone and unarmed Capt. McDonald arrested 12 of the lynchers, all desperate men, and they were sentenced to long terms of imprisonment. It was through the efforts of Capt. McDonald that the notorious Reese-Townsend feud, which caused many killings in Colorado and Bastrop counties, Texas, was broken up. On one occasion when the members of these opposing factions, numbering 100 men, were drawn up in fighting array at Columbus, Capt. McDonald walked up to them and took all their guns and knives away from them.

He left Quanah one day on the trail of a notorious criminal. He followed the outlaw 400 miles and finally overtook him in camp with four other men. He dismounted and arrested the fellow, although he expected every minute to be shot. He forced his prisoner to mount a horse and ride away with him.

Three years ago Capt. McDonald had a fight with cattle thieves in the Pan Handle. Three of them escaped, and he followed them alone for 300 miles, finally rounding them up near Norman, Okla., where he arrested them single-handed.

In 1896, when the Fitzsimons-Maher fight was scheduled for El Paso, McDonald was at the head of the constabulary commissioned by the state to see that the mill did not take place on American soil. McDonald camped with the fighters, and the mill was fought in Mexico—an inglorious encounter of one round.

Historic House to Be Museum.
Emperor William has purchased the house in which his grandfather passed the night before the battle of St. Privat, better known as Gravelotte, in 1870. It is about seven miles from Metz, and it will eventually be turned into a museum.

CAPT. W. J. McDONALD.
(Texas Ranger Mentioned in Report on Brownsville Affair.)

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RICHEST OF ESKIMO WOMEN.

Counts Wealth in Reindeer and Spends It on Orphans.

The richest Eskimo woman in America, Mary Anderwuk, is an uncrowned "queen." She does not count her wealth in stocks and bonds like Hetty Green, or in steel mills like Bertha Krupp, but in reindeer. The possession of 500 reindeer gives her an enviable social position among her people; for the reindeer means as much to the Eskimo as the horse did to a settler of our prairies in the early days. The reindeer is the horse and also the cow of the far north.

This interesting woman, who differs so much from her sister of the south



MARY ANDERWUK.
(Eskimo Who Is the Best Beloved Woman in Alaska.)

in dress and mode of life, is not half looking, even judged by American standards of beauty; indeed, she has a strain of Russian blood in her veins which has modified her appearance. Her kindly face is broad and light brown, and the eyes and the hair dark; the nose is not too prominent and the full lips are clearly marked. Her short, stout figure is usually clad in skirt and long coat of reindeer skin, while about her head falls a hood trimmed with pretty white fur.

Mary Anderwuk is now past the prime of life and, having no children of her own, has adopted several orphans, reared them carefully and placed them in a school established by Sheldon Jackson for the Eskimo of Alaska.

She came by her big herd of reindeer honestly. Her first husband, who bore a very long Eskimo name, served an apprenticeship as reindeer herder for the United States government and for his services received several deer. When he died his wife inherited the herd, which grew in number from year to year. She married again, and both she and her husband are now members of the Swedish Lutheran church at Unalakleet. Knowing several Eskimo dialects and having picked up a knowledge of English by contact with traders and missionaries, she has often been employed as interpreter by United States government officials. This semi-official service has clothed her with a certain dignity in the eyes of the primitive folk of her native land.

Mary Anderwuk is to-day the best known and the best loved woman in Alaska, and her fame is spreading from the mining camps of Alaska to the drawing rooms of the Pacific coast.

HORSE TAKING A CAR RIDE.

He Pulls the Vehicle Up Hill and Rides Down.

Denver.—The Cherrilyn street car line is famous almost the whole world over as being the only one where one



Horse Riding on a Street Car.

can see the novel sight of a horse taking a street car ride. The line is a short one—only about two miles long, extending from Englewood, a suburb of Denver, to Cherrilyn, a sleepy hamlet on the plains. From Englewood the grade is all up hill, requiring the strength of a stout broncho to supply the motive power. On the return trip, however, no motive power is required beyond that supplied by gravity. The horse, therefore, is permitted to mount the rear platform and ride down hill, while the driver gives his undivided attention to the manipulation of the brake.

Royal Women Fond of Cats.

Queen Alexandra owns several fine chinchillas and Persian cats. Princess Alexander of Teck and Princess Maurice of Battenberg also possess valuable specimens, but the real cat fancier among the royal family of Great Britain is Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein and the only royal cat is the one now established at Cumberland lodge. This has been arranged on the most up-to-date principles and has curtains windows and a front door, with a knocker and letter box. The portals are surmounted by a crown and the initials "V. S. H."

LEGAL NOTICES.

THOMAS WALKER, ATTORNEY
Supreme Court of the District of Columbia,
 Holding a Probate Court.
 No. 14,114, Administration.
 This is to give notice—
 That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Stewart Campbell, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of January, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of January, 1907.
 Carrie Campbell,
 342 F street, S. W.
 Attest: James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.
 Thos. Walker, Attorney.

THOMAS L. JONES, ATTORNEY
Supreme Court of the District of Columbia,
 Holding a Probate Court.
 No. 13,425, Administration.
 This is to Give Notice:
 That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Levi Brooks, Jr., late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of July, A. D. 1907; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 8th day of January, 1907.
 David Hawkins, Chevy Chase Lake.
 Attest:
 James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia. Clerk of the Probate Court.
 Thomas L. Jones, Attorney.

FOR RENT.
 Three newly furnished rooms for rent. 1742 14th street, N. W.

For Your Health's Sake Take
Melliston
 It's a prev nive and cure for coughs, colds and grip.
 75c. bottle, 50c. full pint

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
 Quality House 509 7th St. Phone M 274

THE ONLY ONE.
 From The Freeman.
 The only colored woman bank president in the United States is Mrs. Maggie L. Walker, at Richmond, Va., who has served in that capacity for some time. The only white woman is Mrs. S. Alice Hildeman, at Girard, Kans. Previous to Mrs. Hildeman's taking charge her husband had been president, while Mrs. Walker made her own way without having been trained by anyone.

FORD'S HAIR POMADE
 Formerly known as "OZONIZED OX MARROW"

 KINKY OR CURLY HAIR that is bent up in any style desired consistent with its length.
 Ford's Hair Pomade was formerly known as "OZONIZED OX MARROW" and is the only safe preparation known to us that makes kinky or curly hair straight as shown above. It is made from the most substantial, pure, and easily to comb. These results may be obtained from one treatment. It is the use of Ford's Hair Pomade ("OZONIZED OX MARROW") removes and prevents dandruff, cures itching, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off, makes it grow and, by nourishing the roots, gives it new life and vigor. Being pleasantly perfumed and harmless, it is a toilet necessity for ladies, gentlemen and children. Ford's Hair Pomade ("OZONIZED OX MARROW") has been used and sold continuously since about 1880, and is labeled "OZONIZED OX MARROW" was registered in the United States Patent Office. It is in all the long periods of time there has never been a bottle returned from the hundreds of thousands we have sold. FORD'S HAIR POMADE remains sweet and effective, no matter how long you keep it. Be sure to get Ford's, as the name makes the hair STRAIGHT, SOFT, and PLIABLE. Beware of imitations. Remember that Ford's Hair Pomade ("OZONIZED OX MARROW") is not a hair dressing, it is a hair restorer and it is made only in Chicago and by us. The genuine has the signature, Charles Ford, on each package. Beware of all others. Full directions with every bottle. Price only 25c. Sold by druggists and dealers. If your druggist or dealer can not supply you, he can procure it from his jobber or wholesale dealer or send us 25c. for one bottle postpaid, or \$2.00 for three bottles or \$2.00 for six bottles, express paid. We pay postage and express charges to all points in U. S. A. When ordering send postal or express money order, and mention this paper. Write your name and address plainly to:
The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co.
 (None genuine without my signature)
 Charles Ford
 78 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
 Agents wanted everywhere.

TO THE BEE SUBSCRIBERS.
 The Bee's collector will call in person upon the subscribers, and it is requested that everyone have his money in readiness when he calls. It is inconvenient for the collector to call a second time. The management takes this opportunity of informing you to be prepared when he calls. Out-of-town subscribers will receive no more papers after this issue until they remit. This is the final notice, and if they do not receive a paper next week they will certainly know the cause.
 Respectfully,
 The Management.

BOTH TERRIBLE
 From Philadelphia Tribune.
 Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23.—A white man by the name of Turner was brought to the State Penitentiary tonight by Sheriff Hunter, of Bamberg, for safekeeping and as a matter of precaution. He is accused of a criminal assault on the little daughter of former Senator S. G. Mayfield, of Bamberg, formerly of Greenville.
 Turner is related to the family of Senator Mayfield, and was employed at his sawmill as a sawyer. He was staying in the Mayfield home, at Denmark. Yesterday Mr. Mayfield was attracted by the cries of his little daughter, and discovered her in the room of Turner, where Turner had enticed her. Mr. Mayfield seized Turner and beat him into insensibility.

On the charge of criminally assaulting his 16-year-old niece, Eliza Foster, "Dr." E. Parker Read, colored, of No. 1605 South street, was arrested last Saturday by Special Policeman Moriarity and Marks, of the Nineteenth District, and arraigned before Magistrate Kochesperger in the Central Police Station. Several days ago the authorities received a letter from the girl's father, John Foster, of Farmville, Va., asking them to investigate his daughter's charge against her uncle, which she had mailed to her father secretly. Moriarity and Marks were detailed on the case, and, after hearing the girl's story, arrested Read. The girl was placed in charge of the matron of the Nineteenth District Station until her father arrives to take her home.

J. W. WHEELER, EDITOR PALADIUM
 From the St. Louis Palladium.
 "All Broken Up."

Last Saturday at 4:30 p.m. the Palladium man met with a serious accident. It occurred at Sixteenth street and Franklin avenue. The Easton avenue car seemed as if it would stop as it neared the crossing, and I attempted to board the car. Just as the car had reached the crossing and I had one foot on the step, the motorman turned on full speed, which caused me to slip and fall with my weight all upon my right foot. I was dragged about twenty feet. I got up too dazed to think about the number of the car that I had fallen from. The car did not stop. I waited for the next car, intending to go to the sheds and report, but before going two blocks I realized my condition and concluded to go home. I got off on Jefferson avenue and intended to take the car. While waiting, all wet and muddy, Mr. James Harrison, the undertaker, came up and asked me what was the matter, as did a white man. I told them that I had fallen from a car. Mr. Harrison, to whom I am under many obligations, assisted me, and asked me could I get home. I told him yes, and under many disadvantages I reached my home, 2617 Lawton avenue, when I found my right foot had been broken. I have suffered much since that time, but under the skillful care of Dr. S. P. Stafford, 1101 North Jefferson, I hope to be myself again soon.

From the Steeltion Press.
 Mrs. Maggie Walker, of Richmond, Virginia, president of one of the colored banks, is the only woman president of a bank in the United States. She will be in Steeltion in February, as the guest of Dr. Grillions.

THOSE WHITE SOLDIER RIOTERS.
 From the Guardian.
 It will be useless for the President to claim color prejudice did not cause his discharge of the colored battalion if he does not hurry up to discharge and penalize the soldiers actually detected in murderously assaulting a colored section of Columbus, Ohio. He has as yet taken no notice of the occurrence. The papers say the War Department will not take notice of it. The President has not done any cursing and villifying of these white soldiers. But then they are in the North, and assaulted colored people. That seems to be quite different in the eyes of this half-Georgian from colored soldiers presuming to retaliate upon white Southerners.

DEATH OF MRS. FANNY TROTTER SMITH.
 From the Guardian.
 Mrs. Fannie A. Trotter Smith, last surviving sister of the late Lieutenant James Monroe Trotter, succumbed to a lingering illness Wednesday, January 23, at her home in Wichita, Kansas, at the age of 70 years. Mrs. Smith was a woman of pronounced intellectual tastes

and Christian virtues, and to her the late James M. Trotter acknowledged undying gratitude for her care and influence exerted over him from his very youth. In the earlier years of her life she taught school in Ohio. She was twice married, at the time of her death being the wife of Mr. Robert E. Smith, a respected citizen of Kansas. She was the last of the Trotter family of that generation. Mrs. Smith had visited in Boston several times during her life, her last trip occurring two weeks prior to the death of her brother, in 1892, and many in the city will doubtless remember her.

ITEMS ON THE WING.
 In the case of Senator Alee of Delaware smarting over recent defeat, he returns to Washington and has his brother reappointed postmaster at Dover, although the latter's four year term would not expire until next march. If this is not usurpation of power, etc., why we don't know.
 Last Monday Ben Tillman (nom de plume, Pitchfork Ben) got the Senate wrong by trying to be funny, with the result that they went into executive session for one hour and a half. It strikes We, Us & Co. that such action on the part of the gentleman from South Carolina is not only a disgrace to his State but the United States Senate. Public offenses call for public opinions, etc.

The House has abolished the eighteen pension agencies in various parts of the country, providing in the future all pensions be paid from Washington.

Saturday evening the midnight service of the Knights Kodosh A. A. S. R., was performed over his remains, followed by the ceremonies of the Rose Cross, 18th degree. Sunday the lodge performed the services of the Blue Lodge, after which the services were concluded at the cemetery. Requiescat in Pace.

The Bishops of the P. E. Church of the District of Columbia, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia, Delaware, North Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama and Arkansas, in conference capacity in this city, in discussing the church's duty towards the Negro, adopted a resolution favoring the instruction of the race in the fundamentals of Christian morality.

We find that the ministers in the pulpit can do a power of good if they so desire. Their text should be united efforts, good will towards all mankind and humane feelings for our fellow creatures, and race pride.

Pennsylvanian Ninety-eight Years Old
 Praises Tropical Fruit.

Philadelphia. — "Uncle" Richard Toomes, who has been a resident of the Odd Fellows' home, Seventeenth and Toga streets, since July 15, 1898, celebrated his ninety-eighth birthday the other day, and, as has been his custom for several years, he spent most of the day at the home of his nephew, Thomas Toomes, Falls of Schuylkill, where a family reunion was held. In company with William Fryer, a fellow resident of the home, and R. R. Shronk Uncle Richard was given a 50-mile ride by Dr. Sweeney, in his large touring automobile, before being dropped at the home of his nephew. The run was through Fairmont park, West Philadelphia, Delaware and Montgomery counties.

"Uncle" Richard was born in England, August 11, 1807, came to this country in 1822, and followed his trade as a cloth weaver near Darby until 1878, when he retired. Despite his years he is well preserved, and has never used spectacles, being able to read fine print without the aid of glasses. He thinks his long life is due to the fact that lemons have been his chief medicine.

On April 14, 1848, he was made a member of Kingsessing lodge, No. 309, L. O. O. F., and is one of the oldest members of the order in Pennsylvania.

NECK BROKEN NINETEEN YEARS.
 Railway Engineer Mangled in Wreck Survives Injuries.

Albuquerque, N. M. — Barney Baldwin, known the world over as the "man with the broken neck," was here the other day renewing acquaintances made in 1880-83, when he was an engineer. Baldwin's neck was broken in a railway accident at Birmingham, Ala., in 1887. He wears his neck and head in harness continually. When he lays down the vertebrae slips out of place, and his bones wobble and often come unjoined. If he raises his right hand, the left also bobs up. In the wreck he had his right arm, five ribs and both legs fractured, his watch crushed out of sight in his bowels, and an iron bolt driven into his collar bone. Doctors here, as everywhere, pronounce him the most puzzling case ever dealt with, because a man could be so torn and broken and still live. Baldwin, who is married and lives at San Bernardino, Cal., claims the railroad on which he was hurt, pays him a handsome monthly stipend. Baldwin was the man who pulled the special train that brought the famous New Mexican murderer, Milton Yarberry, to this city to be hanged.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,
 824 Seventh Street, N. W.
COLD WEATHER DRUG NEEDS.
SEASONABLE GOODS VERY SPECIALLY PRICED.

You probably will need lots of drug store goods between now and the Springtime, and we want to supply you if you do need them. We have some specialties which are very seasonable just now and we stand right back of all preparations bearing our label. Guarantee them to be of highest medicinal value, and—if they don't benefit you we will refund your money.

CHERRI-TONE PECTORAL.
 A cough cure that cures. Don't Argue. Don't Infer. Try it. It cures every time.
 Cut this out and present it to us and we will give you the 25c. bottle for 17c.

JAPALMO LOTION.
 Hands of velvet in a single night.
 A perfect substitute for Camphor Ice, Glycerine, and cold cream.
 Gloves can be worn immediately after using.
 25c. is the price.

Cod Liver Oil fresh from Lafoten, Norway, Dr. Vald's famous brand. No better can be bought at any price. Pintbottles 25c.

Our store is always busy and there's a reason. Nowhere in all Washington will you find such a complete, up-to-date stock. Nothing grows stale here for our low prices keep our stock moving rapidly.
CUT PRICES ON WINTER NEEDS.
 Regular price.

40c.—Syrup of White Pine, the old-fashioned cough cure, full 6 ounce bottle, 25c.
 25c.—Chest protectors, very warm, 19c.
 35c.—Quinine Pills, 2 grs., guaranteed the best, 100 for 18c.
 \$2.00 —Chamois vests, \$1.39.
 25c.—Ox Marrow Pomade, makes curly hair straight, 19c.
 Pure Almond Cold Cream, trial jar 10c. ¼ lb. 25c. ½ lb. 40c. 1 lb. 60c.
 A. D. S. Cold and Grippe Cures, knock out colds every time, guaranteed, 25c.
 Extra Special: Clinical Thermometers, Guaranteed High-Grade. Just the thing for Physician or Household, 39c.

A Great Offer: To more thoroughly introduce Ozone, the Liquid Germ Killer, present this coupon and we will give you the regular, full-sized bottle of this wonderful remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma and all lung troubles for 35c.

60c.—Walnutta Hair Stain. Restores Gray Hair, 45c.
 50c.—Bottles Pure Glycerine, full lb. 25c.
 20c.—Bottle Glycerine and Rose Water, 10c.
 Lyon's Tooth Powder, 14c.
 Prophylactic Tooth Brushes, 25c.
 Iron, Quinine and Strychnine, a splendid tonic, 16 oz. bottle, 47c.
 Porous Plasters, 7c.; 4 for 25c.

Biggest Stock of Reliable Combs, Brushes, Toilet Goods, Hospital Supplies in Washington.
 Remember! We can fill your prescription and fill it right, no matter on whose blank it is written.

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SEVENTH AND EYE STREETS, NORTHWEST
PURE DRUGS POPULAR PRICES

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 UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.
 ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE.
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 PLEASANT AFTER SHAVING.
 SEND ONE DIME FOR BOX.
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 Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, mechanical tools. Ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. Old gold and silver bought. Unredeemed pledges for sale.
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 For everybody at terms lower than the lowest. Don't be deceived; come to us and investigate. Business strictly confidential. No one knows of your transaction with us. We lend on furniture, pianos or salary. If you have a loan now anywhere and need more money, come to us. Nothing deducted from loan. You get full amount. Extension in case of sickness without extra charge.
METROPOLITAN LOAN AND TRUST CO.
 505 E Street, N. W.

Ladies.—If you want better and longer hair, go at once to your drug store and ask your druggist to get you a box of Taylor's Hair Grower and Dandruff Cure (pomade). Price 25 cents. Made by Taylor Remedy Co., Louisville, Ky. Agents wanted everywhere; \$2 to \$5 per day. Write at once for particulars.

Read The Bee.

Go to
HOLMES' HOTEL,
 No. 333 Virginia Ave., S. W.
 Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.
 Good Rooms and Lodging, 50c., 75c. and \$1.00. Comfortably Heated by Steam. Give us a Call
 James Otway Holmes, Prop.
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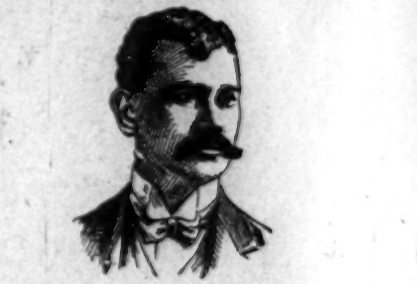
A delegation of leading citizens called on the governor of Alabama relative to the investigation, etc., of Tuskegee. He assured them that nothing would be done to injure the school and that he was in sympathy.
 There are 16,475 colored Royal Arch Masons in the United States. 24 Grand Chapters of Royal Arch Masons in the United States and Canada. Value of property \$62,000.
 There are 20 Grand Commanderies of K. T. in the United States among the colored Masons. Membership, 16,217; value of property \$71,000. They have a Grand Encampment for the United States and Canada.

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J. D. O'Connor
 Union Bar and Union Goods only. Yellow Keystone Pure Rye Whiskey.
 J. D. O'CONNOR, BUFFET.
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HIDDEN ISLES OF THE SEA.
 Many a noble ship, richly laden with the proudest spoils of human industry and enterprise, and freighted with that which is dearer still—human life—has passed away with the morning sunlight glittering on its snowy canvas, passed away, never to arrive at its destination; passed away forever from the ken and knowledge of men as completely as if it had never been in existence.
 What has become of those vanished argosies? Whither have they gone?



When the seas give up their dead, and the old ocean lays bare its secrets, the human skeletons, the virgin gold, the priceless gems, the costly jewels, and the wrecks of those vanished ships will be found strewn amid the tremendous passes and deep defiles of those submerged mountain ranges which are the backbones of lost continents, upon those topmost peaks, projecting near the surface of the seas, these lost convoys have been dashed to destruction! The mariner's compass and the navigator's chart have not been able to protect commerce from the wreck and ruin of these submerged ridges, but the good ship "Columbia," richly laden with its precious cargo of "Columbia Club," the purest and best whiskey in the world, launched and navigated by William J. Donovan from the famous Baseball House, located at 1538 Seventh street, N. W., with the Stars and Stripes glittering from its gaff and defiance to all competitors thundering from its steel-clad turrets, has weathered every gale and returned safely from every voyage, because Mr. Donovan knows the highways of successful enterprise are strewn with the derelicts of pretension and misrepresentation, and that quality alone, and quality strictly and strenuously adhered to, is the only chart and surest recommendation of those who wish to indulge in the delicious, stimulating, health-giving virtue of a truly honest American whiskey—the "Columbia Club."



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Misfit Clothing Parlor;
 Fine Garments (Slightly Worn) Made by Our Leading Tailors.
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